CLAIMS PENDING AFTER RESTRICTION REQUIREMENT

1 2 3 4	-		A mutant antibody comprising a reactive site not present in the wild-type of omplementarity-determining region that specifically binds to a metal chelate, site is in a position proximate to or within said complementarity-determining
1 2	chain of a nat	2. urally o	The mutant antibody according to claim 1, wherein said reactive site is a side- ccurring or non-naturally occurring amino acid.
1 2	-SH group of	3.	The mutant antibody according to claim 2, wherein said reactive site is the
1		4.	Canceled.
1		5.	Canceled.
1		6.	Canceled.
1		7.	Canceled.
1		8.	Canceled.
1		9.	Canceled.
1 2	(FIG. 11).	10.	A polypeptide comprising a peptide sequence according to SEQ. ID NO.:5
1 2	(FIG. 14).	11.	A polypeptide comprising a peptide sequence according to SEQ. ID NO.: 7
1		12.	Canceled.
1		13.	Canceled.
1 2	mutant of CH	14. A255.	The mutant antibody according to claim 1, wherein said mutant antibody is
1	ation to a first	15.	The mutant antibody according to claim 14, wherein serine-95 of the light-
2	chain is substituted by a cysteine residue.		

1	16.	The mutant antibody according to claim 1, wherein said antibody is a			
2	bifunctional antibody further comprising a second complementarity-determining region that				
3	specifically binds to a cell-surface antigen.				
1	17.	The mutant antibody according to claim 1, further comprising a targeting			
2	moiety covalently attached thereto.				
1	18.	The mutant antibody according to claim 17, having the structure:			
2		Ab-L-T			
3	wherein,				
4	Ab represents said antibody;				
5	L is a chemical bond or linking group that may contain one or more sites; and				
6	T is said targeting moiety.				
1	19.	The mutant antibody according to claim 17, wherein said targeting moiety is			
2	an antibody that binds specifically to a cell surface antigen.				
1	20.	The mutant antibody according to claim 1, further comprising said metal			
2	chelate bound to said complementarity-determining region, wherein said chelate comprises a				
3	reactive functional group of complementary reactivity to said reactive site of said antibody.				
1	21.	The mutant antibody according to claim 20, further comprising a covalent			
2	bond between formed by reaction of said reactive site of said antibody and said reactive functional				
3	group of said chelate				
1	22.	The mutant antibody according to claim 20, wherein said reactive site of said			
2	chelate is an acrylamido moiety.				
1	23.	The mutant antibody according to claim 1, wherein said metal chelate is a			
2	polyaminocarboxylate chelate of a metal ion selected from the group consisting of transition metal				
3	ions and lanthanide ions.				
1	24.	A pharmaceutical composition comprising the mutant antibody according to			
2	claim 17, and a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier.				

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	1	25. An mutant antibody comprising a cysteine residue not present in the wild-type						
	2	of said antibody and a complementarity-determining region that specifically binds to a metal chelate,						
	3	wherein said cysteine is in a position proximate to or within said complementarity-determining						
	4	region.						
	1	26. Canceled.						
	1	27. Canceled.						
	1	28. Canceled.						
	1	29. Canceled.						
	1	30. The antibody according to claim 25, wherein said antibody is a bifunctional						
	2	antibody further comprising a second complementarity-determining region that specifically binds to						
	3	a cell-surface antigen.						
	1	31. The mutant antibody according to claim 25, further comprising a targeting						
	2	moiety covalently attached thereto.						
	1	32. The mutant antibody according to claim 31, having the structure:						
	2	Ab-L-T						
	3	wherein,						
	4	Ab represents said antibody;						
	5	L is a chemical bond or linking group that may contain one or more functional						
	6	groups; and						
	7	T is said targeting moiety						
	1	33. The mutant antibody according to claim 31, wherein said targeting moiety is a						
	2	member selected from the group consisting of antibodies and antibody fragments, each of which						
	3	bind specifically to a cell surface antigen.						
	1	34. The mutant antibody according to claim 25, further comprising said metal						
	2	chelate bound to said complementarity-determining region, wherein said chelate comprises a						
	3	reactive functional group of complementary reactivity to the -SH side-chain of said cysteine						
	4	residue.						

1	35.	The mutant antibody according to claim 34, further comprising a covalent			
2	bond formed by reaction of the -SH side-chain of cysteine and said reactive functional group of said				
3	chelate.				
	26 7	The mentant antibade according to aloim 25 wherein said reactive functional			
1		The mutant antibody according to claim 35, wherein said reactive functional			
2	group of said chelate is	an acrylamido molety.			
1	37. T	The mutant antibody according to claim 25, wherein said metal chelate is a			
2	polyaminocarboxylate chelate of a metal ion selected from the group consisting of transition metal				
3	ions and lanthanide ions.				
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1		pharmaceutical composition comprising the mutant antibody according to			
2	claim 31, and a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier.				
1	39. A	method of treating a patient by administration of a metal chelate, said			
2	method comprising the steps of:				
3	(a) administering to said patient a pretargeting reagent;				
4	(b) following step (a), administering to said patient a mutant antibody comprising;				
5	(i) a complementarity-determining region that specifically binds to said metal chelate				
6	(ii) a rea	ctive site not present in the wild-type of said antibody and, wherein said			
7	r	eactive site is in a position proximate to or within said complementarity-			
8	d	etermining region; and			
9	(iii) a rec	cognition moiety that binds specifically with said pretargeting moiety,			
10	ti	hereby forming a complex between said pretargeting reagent and said mutant			
11	а	ntibody; and			
12	(c) following ste	ep (b) administering to said patient said metal chelate, wherein said chelate			
13	comprise	es a reactive functional group having a reactivity complementary to the			
14	reactivity	y of said reactive site of said antibody, thereby;			
15	(i) speci	fically binding said chelate to said complementarity-determining region; and			
16	(ii) follo	wing step (i) forming a covalent bond between said mutant antibody and said			
17	n	netal chelate through coupling the reactive functional group of said chelate			
18	v	vith said reactive site of said mutant antibody.			

The method according to claim 39, further comprising, between steps (a) and 40. 1 (b), administering a clearing agent to said patient. 2 A method of treating a patient by administration of a metal chelate, said 41. 1 2 method comprising the steps of: (a) administering to said patient a pretargeting reagent; 3 (b) following step (a), administering to said patient a mutant antibody comprising; 4 (i) a complementarity-determining region that specifically binds to said metal chelate; 5 (ii) a reactive site not present in the wild-type of said antibody and, wherein said 6 reactive site is in a position proximate to or within said complementarity-7 determining region; and 8 (iii) a recognition moiety that binds specifically with said pretargeting moiety, 9 thereby forming a complex between said pretargeting reagent and said mutant 10 antibody; and 11 (c) following step (b) administering to said patient said metal chelate, wherein said chelate 12 comprises a reactive functional group having a reactivity complementary to the 13 reactivity of said reactive site of said antibody, thereby; 14 (i) specifically binding said chelate to said complementarity-determining region; and 15 (ii) following step (i) forming a covalent bond between said mutant antibody and said 16 metal chelate through coupling the reactive functional group of said chelate 17 with said reactive site of said mutant antibody. 18